

Nairobi

Magadie

TANKA INVESTMENT CERTIFIC

THE FACILITATOR

An Overview of the **Investment** Climate and **Opportunities** in (Q4, per cent) Tanzania

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AGENDA



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Tanzania Economy Why Tanzania %Investment Facilitation Services Priority Investment Opportunities **%Investment Incentives Trend of Investments** * © Conclusion*



TANZANIA





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	TANZANIA ECON	
1.	Population	48.8 Million (2015.)
2.	Population growth rate	2.7 %(2012)
3.	GDP Per Capita	\$ 966.5 (2015)
4.	Annual average inflation	5.6 % (2015)
5.	Annual average GDP growth rate	7.0% (2015)
6.	Employment	Agriculture Employs 75% of the Workforce
7.	Main imports	Capital goods (i.e., machinery and equipment), vehicles, petroleum products, agricultural inputs, raw materials and other consumer goods
8.	Main exports	Agricultural products, (such as cashew nuts, tea , coffee, cotton), cut flowers & vegetable, minerals, fish and manufactured goods.

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WHY INVEST IN TANZANIA? An overview



Peace and Political Stability

Economic Stability

Rich Natural Resources

Strategic Location

Investment Guarantees

Repatriation of funds

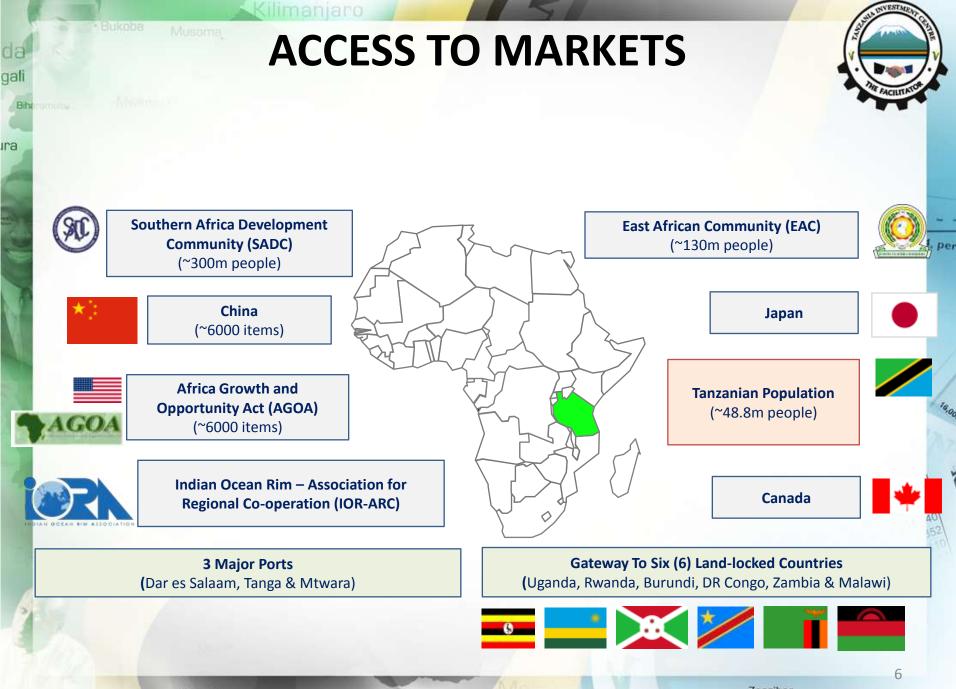
Access to Markets



Tanzania's Inherent Advantages

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Zanzibar

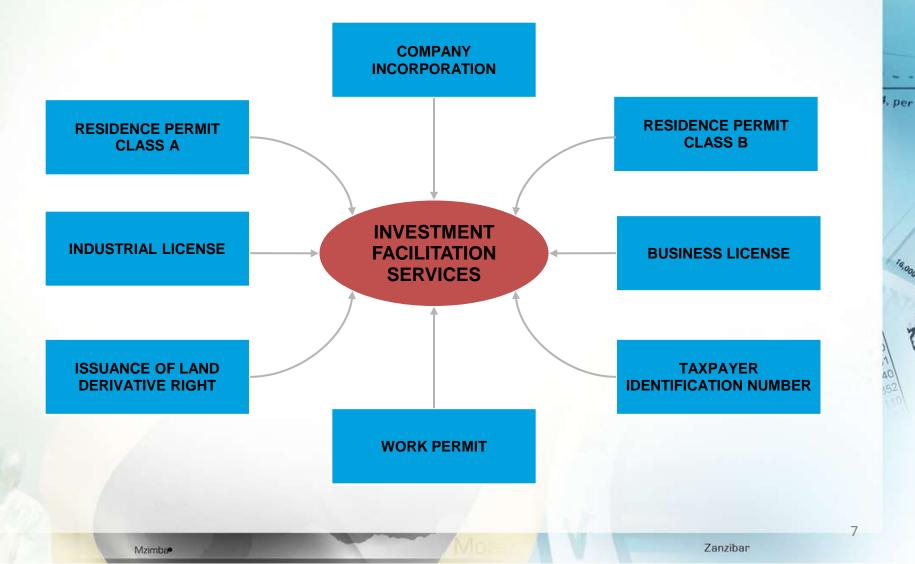
INVESTMENT FACILITATION SERVICES

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Assist investors to obtain all permits, licenses and approvals



OUR COMMITMENT TO INVESTORS

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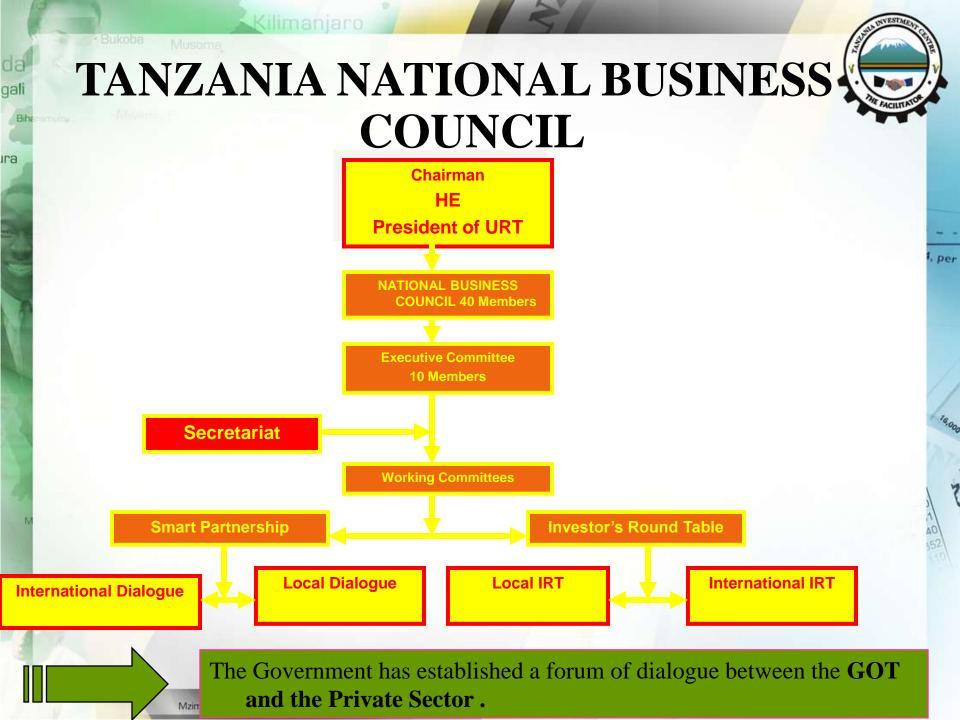
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Company Registration	3 days
Business License	1 day
Industrial License	3 days
Certificate Of Incentives	3 days
Residence Permit Class 'A'	14 days
Residence Permit Class 'B'	14 days
Special Pass	1 day
Taxpayer identification number	1day
Arranging appointments	24 hours
Preparation and confirmation of itinerary for potential investors	3 days

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PRIORITY INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITIES

Zanzibar

Key Facts and Potential Areas for Investment



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Key Facts:

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- □ Tanzania is fully reliant on imported automotive products such as passenger cars.
- Tanzania has made discoveries of natural gas, soda ash, and other minerals required for petrol, gas, and chemical industries.

□ In 2015 Tanzania imported 60% of its edible oil.

Potential Areas:

 ✓ Automotive Industry focusing on establishment of assembly plants and spare parts manufacturing facilities .

✓ Petro, Gas and Chemical Industries particularly construction of a liquefied natural gas (LNG) plant in Lindi and a petro chemical industrial complex in Mtwara.

✓ Pharmaceutical industries targeting the construction, rehabilitation and providing support to strategic pharmaceutical industries.
 ✓ Agro-Industries and Agro-processing to add value to agricultural, livestock, forestry and fisheries products.

✓ Edible Oil processing.

✓ Textile and apparel.

Zanzibar



Priority Areas to Nurture an Industrial Economy

<u>Reviving non performing Factories:</u>

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Assessing the status of existing industrial plants under public and/or private ownership with a view to ensuring that economic and commercially viable plants are put back into operation such as (*General Tyre East Africa Limited, Kilimanjaro Machine tools*)



Natural resource-based industry:

Effectively utilizing and add value to Tanzania's rich natural resource endowments [agricultural commodities, livestock products, forestry and marine products as well as mineral resources]





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Priority Areas to Nurture an Industrial Economy

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Geographical advantage-based industry:

 Tanzania is an ideal location for investments in marketseeking industries that target the emerging African markets in EAC, SADC and COMESA



Labour endowment-based industry:

- Tanzania offers a growing and dynamic labour force for envisaged industrial economy. About 44 percent of the population comprises under-15-year age group.
- High potential for attracting sunset industries to take advantage of abundant and relatively low-cost youthful labour.





Priority Areas to Nurture an Industrial Economy

MSMEs, Light manufacturing:

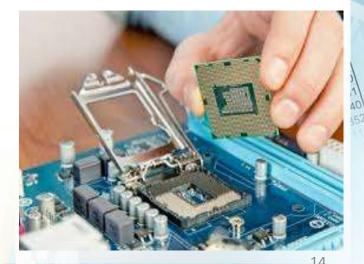
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This includes light manufacturing industries such as those producing food, beverages, furniture and textiles, which account for greater proportion of manufacturing jobs.



ICT Based Industry and Technological Adaptation: These are industries which involve computer assembly, production of computing and communications equipment, cables, printers and scanners, electronics and allied services. Other areas include establishment of cyber cities and software parks as well as industrial incubators



Zanzibar

TEXTILE SUBSECTOR

Opportunities in Textile Industry

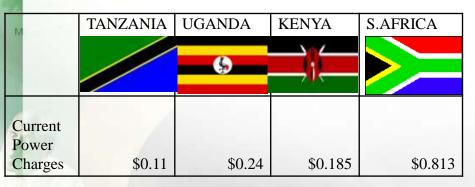
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Textiles and Garments Industry as a priority sub-sector

- The Government of Tanzania aims to reach middle income status by 2025, with manufacturing playing the key role.
- Textiles and Garments Industry named a priority sub-sector.
- The Textile Development Unit (TDU) established within the Ministry of Industry, Trade & Investment to support investors at every stage of the investment process.
- The average crop yield for the past five years is around 238,600 tonnes of seed cotton. Around 80% is exported in raw form.



Comparison of Kilowatt-Hour charges Source: World Bank Report

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Tanzania's Competitive Advantage in Textile Industry

- Tanzania is a major cotton producer with the expertise and infrastructure to sustain the spinning, weaving and manufacturing elements of the value chain.
- Tanzania boasts a large domestic market and an ferene emerging middle class, pushing up demand for quality garments. This situation is replicated across many East and Southern African countries, creating a substantial regional market for apparel.
- Furthermore, textiles and garments are among the products from Tanzania that enjoy duty- and quota-free access to the US market through the African Growth and Opportunity Act (AGOA). They also enjoy tariff free access to EU market.
- Wages and power costs n Tanzania are far lower than those in large garment-producing Sub-Saharan countries. Low cost labour, combined with very reasonable electricity charges, means that Tanzania enjoys significant cost advantages over many of its major international rivals.
- Strong and growing Government support for the subsector. The TDU formed to support the development of a large and internationally competitive textile and garment sub-sector

INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITIES



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Production of good quality yarn

Investment in modern spinning machineries will revolutionize and broaden the scope of textile manufacturing in Tanzania, thus allowing mills to diversify the products base.

Expansion of knit garment

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Tanzania needs to expand its knit garment exports in order to fully exploit AGOA, EU, and South African markets. This is the area in which back ward linkage is most likely to happen.

• Developing an ethical value chain

Tanzania is well positioned to develop an ethical value chain from where retailers will source their textile requirements.

AGRICULTURE

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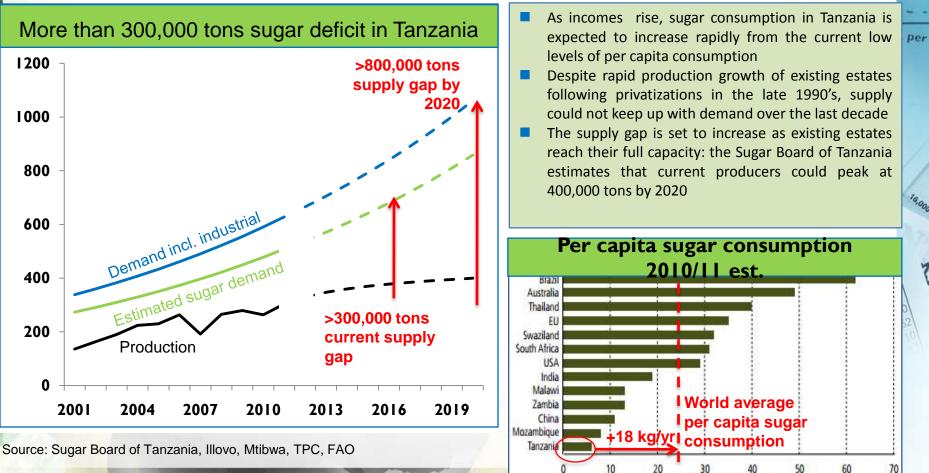
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Kilograms per annum

More than 300,000 tons Sugar Supply Gap In Tanzania, Set to Increase Exponentia

•The primary market opportunity for sugar producers in Tanzania is local: as existing sugar estates reach peak production, the supply gap is set to increase at an estimated 6% per annum from the current 300,000 tons / year, driven by economic and population growth

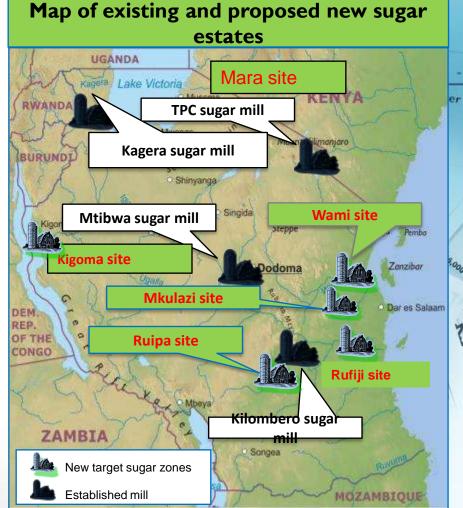


AGRICULTURE

Target Sugar Zones have Been Earmarked for Sugar Production by the Government



In order to fill the local and regional sugar gap, the Government of Tanzania is looking to develop an additional 10 large sugar projects and working to prepare additional sites for sugar investments.





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FISHING AND AQUACULTURE Facts, Figures and Available Opportunities



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Facts and Figures

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- Tanzania has a total surface area of 945,037 sq. km. The area of freshwater cover is estimated at 54,337 sq. km., which is about 6.1 percent of the total country's surface area
- The country has Territorial Sea of 64,000 sg. km., an Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) covering an area of about 223,000 sq. km and 1,424 km coastline along the Indian Ocean.
- The Government encourages the private sector to participate in capture fishery and aquaculture development.
- It is committed to maintaining and developing an appropriate legal and administrative framework for development of aquaculture.

OPPORTUNITY

- Exclusive Economic Zone,
- Establishing fish processing plants and modern fishing boat building yards.
- Establishment of dry docking and eco-tourism
- Mafia Island.
- Establishment of commercial fish cage culture in both marine and freshwater areas
- **Cultured species** including: Mud crabs, Oysters, Grouper and Scallops for mariculture
- Catfish, Rainbow Trout and Freshwater prawns
- Production of formulated fish feeds and live fish food

Zanzibar



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LIVESTOCK

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• Opportunity for Investment in National Ranches

- National Ranching Company (NARCO) is a parastatal organization with the responsibility of producing beef cattle for Domestic and Export markets.
- It has eight (8) existing core ranches comprising of an area of 230,384 hectares with around 13,200 heads of cattle, 1,700 sheep and 1,600 goats.
 The cattle are raised on natural pastures and mineral water.
- The company has a total of 124 non core ranches with total area of 289,069 hectares which are sub-leased to private livestock keepers.
- Investment opportunities are in Kongwa Ranch (Dodoma), Misenyi Ranch (Kagera) and Kalambo (Rukwa)

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Zanzibar

LIVESTOCK



Raising & Fattening Live animal Trading Slaughtering Meat Processing Leather Processing **Retailing &** Marketing

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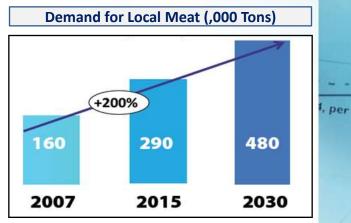
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Starting from a per capita consumption of 12kg p.a., Tanzania's demand for meat is expected to triple by 2030.

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- Currently only 2% of all livestock are raised on commercial farms. Few animals are fattened before being slaughtered.
- Less than 1% of all meat is processed locally, at the same time vast quantities of processed meat are imported from Kenya.
- Less than 5% of all hides are processed to leather. A 40% export levy on unprocessed skins creates a significant competitive advantage for local firms.
- More than 700MT of quality meat are imported to Tanzania every year.
- Local, regional and global meat demand is rising



There will be a +200% increase in local meat demand in the next 15 years OPPORTUNITY

- Partner with National Ranching Company (NARCO) ranches to produce various types of livestock including beef and dairy cattle,
- processing of meat, milk, hides and skins.
- Other areas include; compounded animal feeds and premix production, pasture production and livestock pharmaceuticals production.

LIVESTOCK



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Vision of Leather Sector Development Strategy

By the year 2025, the United Republic of Tanzania will produce high-quality hides and skins processed to finished leather, footwear and leather goods for domestic and export markets while protecting the environment

Tanzania's Competitive Advantage in Leather Industry

- Memberships to South African Development Community (SADC) and the East African Community (EAC) which provides preferential market access to regional markets.
- Low production costs due to cheap labour and access to a large supply of raw materials.
- Around one-fifth of the world's trade in leather and leather products consists of Hides & Skins, from raw form to tanned leather, the product mostly exported by Tanzania.

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- Many untapped opportunities in the leather industry in view of its huge potential.
- Tanzania has the 2nd largest livestock population in Africa with potential of producing at least 4 million hides and around 6.1 million skins annually.
- Low investments in value addition have undermined the much needed government revenues and associated benefits like job creation.
- Around 90 per cent of exports in the sector are raw hides and skin.
- Exports earnings from the leather sector has in recent years increased at an average of 22 per cent, an indication that the industry is operating below capacity

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TOURISM

Economic Facts About The Tourism Sector In Tanzania

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- Tourism is the number one foreign currency earner in Tanzania
- Tourism contributes significantly to GDP: The total contribution of Travel and Tourism to GDP is 14.2%
- Tourism provides 1,337,000 direct and indirect jobs in Tanzania (12.2% of total employment)
- Tourism investment in Tanzania is about 9.5% of the total investment
- Average length of stay is 10-11 days
- Average expenditure per tourist is \$355 (package tours) and \$247 (non package tours)



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TOURISM



Facts and Figures

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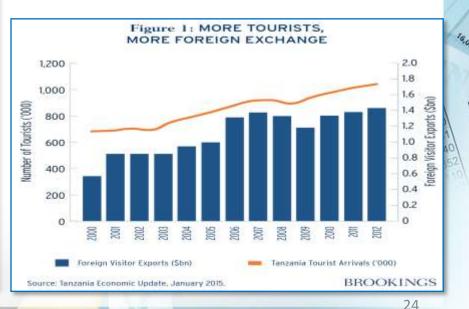
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- □ 16 National Parks,
- □ 31 Game Reserves,
- 44 Game Controlled Areas,
- 4 Ramsar/Wetland Sites,
- 33 Wildlife Management Areas,
- 6 Nature Reserves
- 2 Marine Parks
- 16 Famous Historical and Cultural

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UNESCO World Heritage Sites in Tanzania

- Ngorongoro Conservation Area
- Kilwa Kisiwani and Songo Mnara Ruins
- Serengeti National Park
- Selous Game Reserve
- Mount Kilimanjaro
- Stone Town of Zanzibar
- Kondoa Rock-Art Sites



Sites.

TOURISM



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Tourism Investments Attractiveness and Opportunities

Attractiveness of Tourism Investments in Tanzania

 Abundance of Wildlife Resources

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- Wealth of Cultural & Heritage Resources
- Plenty of Forest Resources
- Unexploited Beaches and Marine Resources

Supreme widely known wildlife resources

- The great Serengeti Plains, the spectacular Ngorongoro Crater, Lake Manyara and Africa's highest mountain, Kilimanjaro, in the north,
- Mikumi, Udzungwa and Ruaha National parks and Selous game Reserve in the south

Construction of Tourist Hotels

- Establishment of leisure parks
- Construction of golf courses
- Investing in conference tourism facilities
- Provision of air/ground transport,
- Tour operations and trophy hunting
- Sea and lake cruising
- Development of eco-tourism facilities
- Beach tourism, cultural and historical sites

TOURISM

Serengeti National Park: Wildebeest clockwise migration around the Serengeti/





Kilimanjaro TOURISM

da Ngorongoro Crater: It is 610m deep with 21km diameter covering an area of 625 sq. km.

It is one of the wonders of the world.





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Kilimanjaro

Beautiful beaches of Zanzibar





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Zanzibar

Opportunities in Road, Airport, Rail, Port and Power Projects





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Kilometre Road Network



3,676/

Kilometre Railway Lines

Airports: 3 International

Major Ocean Ports

To reach Tanzania Development Vision 2025, installed power capacity must increase from 1,754 MW in December 2015 to at least 10,000 MW by 2025 along with expansion of transmission and distribution systems.

Forecasted Energy Demand (Unconstrained)



- Huge untapped opportunity in the power generation sector.
- Tanzania's energy demand is expected to grow by between 5% and 8.5% each year for the next 5 years
- Tanzania has abundant energy resources such as natural gas, coal, uranium and renewable.
- Large road construction works as well as PPP opportunities.
- Investment opportunities in developing inland container depots ; development of extended railway lines as well as sea and lake ports.

MINING



Facts, Figures and Available Opportunities

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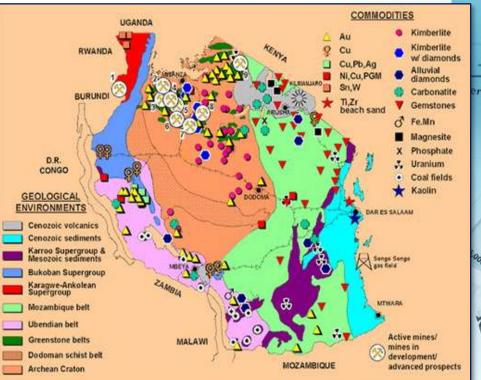
Ira Facts and Figures

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- Minerals export accounted for USD 1.37bn of the total value of Tanzania's export in 2015 (i.e. 24%) with gold representing more than 90% of the country's minerals export.
- Tanzania 's gold production currently stands at ~50 tons a year, which makes the country the 4th largest gold producer in Africa after South Africa, Ghana, and Mali.
- Basemetals found in a belt running from Kagera through Kigoma to Mbeya, Ruvuma and Mtwara regions.
- Tanzania produces a variety of gemstones, including aquamarine, garnet, ruby, sapphire, tourmaline and tanzanite which is only found in Tanzania.
- Tanzania is estimated to have over 56 Trillion Cubic Feet (TCF) of recoverable natural gas. Also, about 54 Billion Cubic Feet of helium gas was recently discovered

Geological Map of Tanzania



OPPORTUNITY

- Exploration;
- 🔲 Mining
- Establishment of gemstone value addition activities;
- Establishment of mineral beneficiation activities; and
- Provision of mining services.

DOWN STREAM INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITIES IN THE GAS SUB SECTOR

Fertilizers and Petrochemicals production

Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) for vehicles

Piped Natural Gas (PNG)/CNG for households (Millions of forest hectors are burnt every year)

Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) Production

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INFORMATION COMMUNICATIO TECHNOLOGY Facts , Figures and Available Opportunities

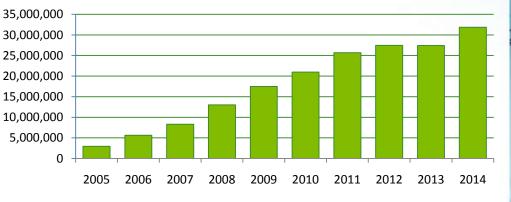


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- There has been a rapid growth and transformation of the communications market in Tanzania in the last 10 years.
- The ICT market has grown both in terms of _ subscribers, variety of services and the expansion of the coverage area
- There were approximately 39.808.4196 mobile subscribers in the market in December 2015, compared to 2,963,737 in 2005.
- Penetration stood at 67% in December _ 2014 from 10% in 2005
- service Internet subscribers have _ increased to about 16,280,943 by December 2015 from 3,563,732 in 2005.

Mobile Subscribers in Tanzania



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Service Providers in Tanzania



OPPORTUNITY

- Provision of mobile services especially in rural area as penetration is higher in urban areas.
- Provision and operation of value added network/data services (internet,
- Repair and maintenance of telecommunications facilities

HEALTH AND EDUCATION



Facts, Figures and Available Opportunities

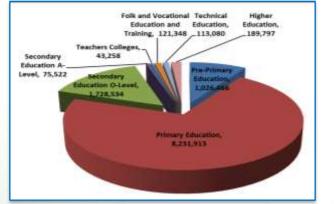
Education

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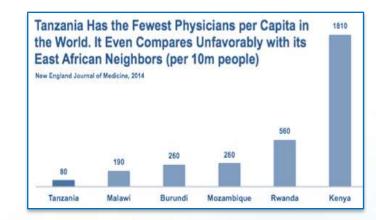
Low Teacher to Pupil Ratio: 1 teacher for 13.6 pupils in USA, 1 teacher for 16.8 pupils in China, 1 teacher for 18.7 pupils in UK, 1 teacher for 33.5 pupils in South Africa and 1 teacher for 50.8 pupils in Tanzania.

In 2013, only 1% and 1.6% of total number of students were receiving technical and higher education respectively



Health

- Low Physician to Patient Ratio: 27.7 physicians for 10,000 patients in UK, 24.2 physicians for 10,000 patients in USA, 14.6 physicians for 10,000 patients in China, 7.6 physicians for 10,000 patients in South Africa and 0.1 physicians in for 10,000 patients Tanzania.
- In 2014 New England Journal of Medicine reported that Tanzania had the lowest number of physicians per capita.



OPPORTUNITY

Over 5,000 students going abroad/annum for studies, while many patients from Africa go to India for treatment. There potential to emerge as Centre for Excellence in East Africa.
 Opportunities for establishment of Universities, Technical Colleges, Specialised Hospitals and Research Centres

INCENTIVES FOR PROJECTS REGISTERED BY TIC



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A) Tax incentives

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Projects capital goods Import duty – 0% Capital allowance Agriculture – 100% Mining – 100% Manufacturing – 50% Fish farming – 50% Tourist services – 50%

INCENTIVES UNDER THE TIA, 1997



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Losses are allowed to be carried forward. However, companies with perpetual unrelieved losses for 3 consecutive years are charged 0.3% of annual turnover.

B) Non Tax incentives

- Automatic immigration quota of up to 5 expatriates at the initial stage of the projects
- Unconditional transferability funds through any authorized dealer bank in freely convertible currency of ; net profit, loan payment (servicing a foreign loan) royalties , fees and charges in respect of any technology transfer agreement, payment of emoluments and other benefits to foreign personnel.



Zanzibar

TOP TEN COUNTRIES

Based on Value of Registered Projects :1990-September 2016

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TANZANIA INVESTMENT CENTRE

INVESTMENT STOCK OF LEADING COUNTRIES 1990 - SEPTEMBER 2016

	COUNTRY	PROJECTS	JOBS	VALUE IN \$M
1	UNITED KINGDOM	964	273,840	5,377.45
2	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	237	51,797	4,692.88
3	MAURITIUS	65	9,510	4,247.03
4	CHINA	635	81,200	3,669.15
5	INDIA	419	54,292	2,122.94
6	AUSTRALIA	56	3,876	1,772.82
7	KENYA	485	49,965	1,643.13
8	NETHERLANDS	157	13,771	1,036.96
9	BELGIUM	32	1,814	902.09
10	EGYPT	8	953	887.02
	TOTAL	3,284	561,933	27,154.62

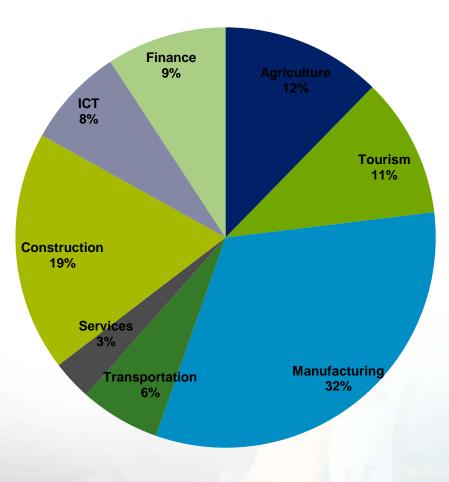
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF REGISTERED PROJECTS WITH MAURITIUS INTEREST 1990- AUGUST 2016.

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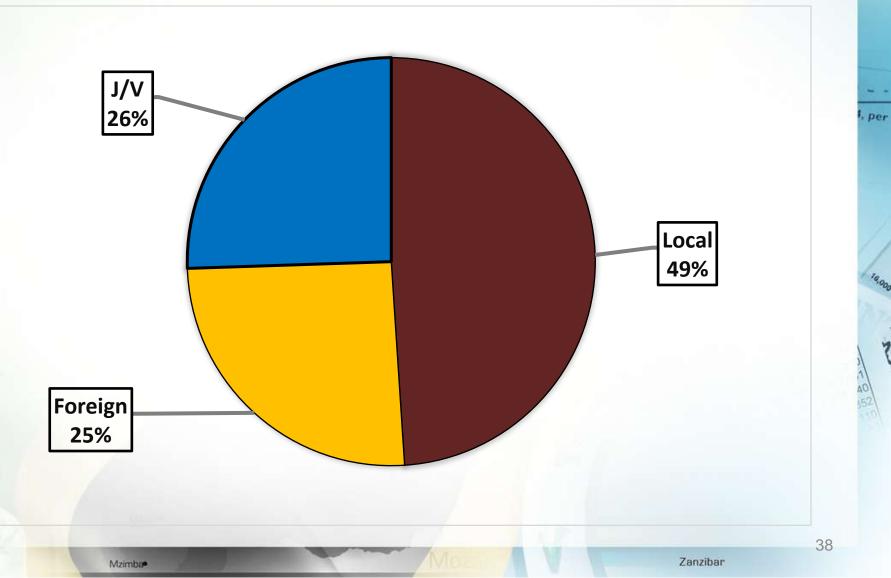
Zanzibar

OWNERSHIP OF TIC REGISTRED PROJECTS 1997 - 2016

Kilimanjaro

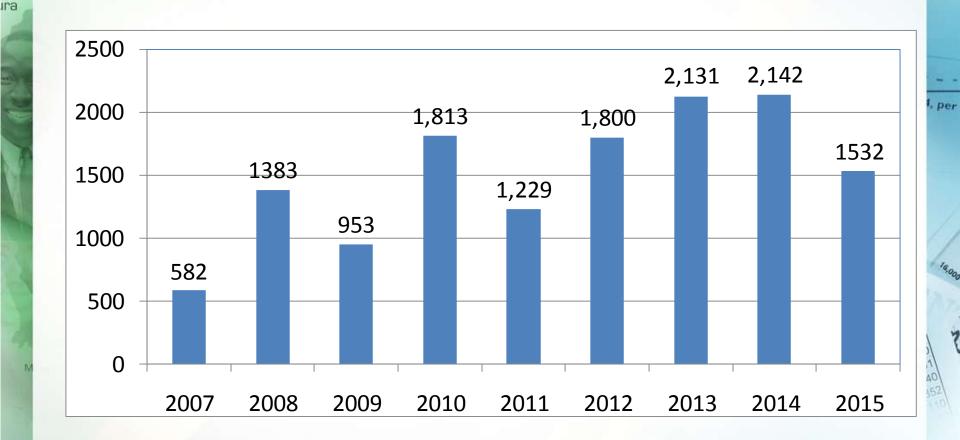
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FDI INFLOWS TO TANZANIA FROM 2007 – 2015 (US\$ Mill)

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Source: UNCTAD - World Investment Report - 2016

TRADE WITH MAURITIUS

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ira de la companya de	YEAR	TANZANIA EXPORTS (Millions of USD)	TANZANIA IMPORTS (Millions of USD)	Balance of Trade	Volume of Trade	Þe
V	2016	1.88	17.31	(15.43)	19.19	
	2015	1.32	26.96	(25.64)	28.28	10.
	2014	2.11	11.07	(8.96)	13.18	
	2013	2.79	15.48	(12.69)	18.27	
	2012	1.39	3.3	(1.91)	4.69	0
1	2011	2.24	1.3	(0.94)	3.54	

Source: Tanzania Revenue Authority

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Thank you for your attention

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